

### 3.7V, SINGLE-BAND FRONT-END MODULE

RoHS Compliant & Pb-Free Product Package Style: 3.5 mm x 3.5 mm

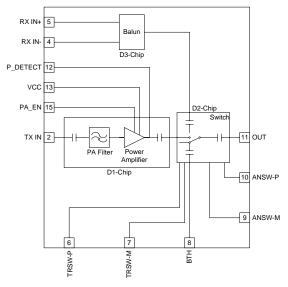


#### **Features**

- Single-Module Radio Front-End
- Single Supply Voltage 3.1V to 4.5V
- Integrated 2.5 GHz b/g Amplifier, RX Balun and Switch
- P<sub>OUT</sub>=16dBm, 11g, OFDM<3.3% EVM

### **Applications**

- IEEE802.11b/g WLAN Applications
- Single-Chip RF Front-End Module
- 2.5 GHz ISM Bands Applications
- Wireless LAN Systems
- Portable Battery-Powered Equipment
- Opt. Bluetooth Sharing of Single Antenna Port



Functional Block Diagram

#### **Product Description**

The RF5924 FEM is a single integrated module for high-performance WLAN applications in the 2.4 GHz to 2.5 GHz ISM band. The FEM has integrated b/g power amplifier, power detector, RX balun, and TX filtering. Also, it is capable of switching between WLAN RX, WLAN TX and BTH RX/TX operations. It has low insertion loss at the 2.4 GHz to 2.5 GHz WLAN and BTH paths. The device is provided in a 3.5 mmx3.5 mm, 16-pin package. This module meets or exceeds the RF front-end needs of 802.11b/g WLAN RF systems.

#### **Ordering Information**

RF5924 3.7V, Single-Band Front-End Module RF5924PCBA-41X Fully Assembled Evaluation Board

#### **Optimum Technology Matching® Applied**

☐ SiGe BiCMOS	▼ GaAs pHEMT	☐ GaN HEMT
☐ Si BiCMOS	☐ Si CMOS	
☐ SiGe HBT	☐ Si BJT	
	☐ SiGe BiCMOS ☐ Si BiCMOS ☐ SiGe HBT	•



#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Rating	Unit				
DC Supply Voltage	5.4	V <sub>DC</sub>				
DC Supply Current	400	mA				
Extreme Operating Temperature Range (Reduced Performance)	-30 to -15	°C				
Storage Temperature	-40 to +85	°C				
Antenna Port Nominal Impedance	50	Ω				
Maximum TX Input Power for 11b (No Damage)	+10	dBm				
Maximum TX Input Power for 11g (No Damage)	+10	dBm				
Moisture Sensitivity	JEDEC Level 3					



#### Caution! ESD sensitive device.

Exceeding any one or a combination of the Absolute Maximum Rating conditions may cause permanent damage to the device. Extended application of Absolute Maximum Rating conditions to the device may reduce device reliability. Specified typical performance or functional operation of the device under Absolute Maximum Rating conditions is not implied.

RoHS status based on EU Directive 2002/95/EC (at time of this document revision).

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Parameter		Specification	1	Unit	Condition	
raiaillelei	Min. Typ. Max.		UIIIL	Condition		
WLAN TX Path						
Band Frequency Range	2400	2450	2500	MHz		
11g Operation					Nominal conditions: $V_{CC}$ =3.7V; PA_EN=2.79V; Freq=2.45 GHz; T=+25 °C. Switch is configured as per the Switch Truth table unless otherwise noted.	
11g Output Power	16			dBm	1000 byte packet at 54Mbps, 20 packet average	
11g EVM at Rated Output Power		2.5	3.3	%	1000 byte packet at 54Mbps, 20 packet average, P <sub>0</sub> =+16dBm	
11g Supply Current		180	220	mA	P <sub>0</sub> =+16dBm, PA_EN=2.79V, V <sub>CC</sub> =3.7V	
11b Operation						
11b Output Power	20.5			dBm	With 11Mbps CCK P <sub>OUT</sub> (b), meeting ACP1/ACP2 requirements	
11b Adjacent Channel Mask at Rated Output Power		-38.0	-33.5	dBc	Relative to peak level on channel at rated output power	
11b Alternate Channel Mask at Rated Output Power		-56	-53	dBc	Relative to peak level on channel at rated output power	
11b Supply Current		240	260	mA	P <sub>OUT(b)</sub> =21dBm, V <sub>CC</sub> =3.7V, PA_EN=2.79V	



Davamatav		Specification	n	11:4	Condition	
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition	
WLAN TX Path, cont'd		_				
General Parameters						
TX Port Nominal Impedance		50		Ω		
TX Input Port VSWR			2:1		Across all P <sub>IN</sub> range	
FEM Output Port VSWR			2:1		P <sub>OUT</sub> =0 to rated P <sub>OUT(g)</sub> and P <sub>OUT(b)</sub>	
Stability			-80	dBc		
Ruggedness VSWR	10:1				All phases, no damage, V <sub>CC</sub> =5.4V, P <sub>IN</sub> =+5dBm, Temp=+85°C	
WLAN TX Gain	26.5	30.0		dB	In band, all other ports terminated in their nominal impedances at rated $P_{OUT}(g)$ and $P_{OUT}(b)$ . Meeting ACP1/ACP2 at $P_{OUT}(b)$ and EVM at $P_{OUT}(g)$ .	
Gain Variation Over Band	-0.5		+0.5	dB		
Gain Variation Over Voltage			0.7	dB/V	V <sub>CC</sub> =3.1V to 4.5V	
PA Leakage Current		<1	10	μА	PA_EN=0, no RF, V <sub>CC</sub> =on.	
Gain Settling Time		0.5	2.0	μs	Both rise and fall time, up to -0.2dB from the final power level	
PA Noise Figure			7	dB		
Second and Third Harmonic	-38			dBc	At the FEM out port	
Out of Band Performance						
S21 (DC to 960MHz)			25	dB		
S21 (1570MHz to 1580MHz)			10	dB		
S21 (1805MHz to 1990MHz)			20	dB		
S21 (2110 MHz to 2170 MHz)			15.5	dB	All other ports terminated in their nominal impedances	
Power Detector Performance						
Power Detector Voltage Range	0.1		1.0	V	For output power from OdBm to 21dBm, programmable via resistor divider.	
Power Detector Load Resistance		10		kΩ		
Power Detector Load Capacitance			0.5	pF		
Power Detector Bandwidth	800	1000		kHz		
Power Detector Sensitivity	25			mV/dBm	For P <sub>O</sub> >+10dBm	
	10			mV/dBm	For P <sub>0</sub> <+10dBm	



Parameter	Specification			المنا ا	O a va diki a va	
Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition	
WLAN RX Path		_				
Passband Insertion Loss		1.6	1.8	dB	In band, all other ports terminated in their nominal impedances	
Noise Figure		1.6	1.8	dB		
Pass Band Ripple			0.2	dB		
RX Port Nominal Impedance		100		Ω	Differential, at the ASIC port.	
RX Port Return Loss	10			dB	In band, all other ports terminated in their nominal impedances	
Current Consumption			30	μΑ		
Input 1dB Compression	30			dBm	Solely due to switch	
Balanced Output Amplitude Imbal- ance	-1		+1	dB		
Balanced Output Phase Imbalance	-10		+10	0	On 180° nominal.	
Bluetooth RX Path						
BT Input/Output Port Nominal Impedance		50		Ω	At BT ASIC port, single-ended	
BT Input/Output Port Return Loss	-10			dB	In band, all other ports terminated in their nominal impedances	
Supply Current Consumption			30	μΑ	Due to PA off-mode leakage	
BT Passband Insertion Loss			1.6	dB	In band, all other ports terminated in their nominal impedances	
Pass Band Ripple			0.2	dB		
Maximum Port Power Level			8	dBm	Bluetooth Class 2	
Operating Parameters						
Supply Voltage	3.1	3.7	4.5	V <sub>DC</sub>	Meets specifications	
Control Voltage Range		0	0.2	V <sub>DC</sub>	For logic "LOW"	
	3.1	3.7	5.4	V <sub>DC</sub>	For logic "HIGH"	
Switch Speed			100	ns		
Switch Current			10	μΑ	Per control line	
Switch P1dB	30			dB	1dB compression point	
V <sub>REG</sub> Voltage	2.706	2.79	2.884	V <sub>DC</sub>	Used as PA enable line	
		0	0.2	V <sub>DC</sub>	PA off	
I <sub>REG</sub> Current			15	mADC		
ESD, Human Body Model, EIA/JESD22-114-A		500		V		
ESD, Man-Machine Model, EIA/JESD22-115-A		75		V		



#### **Isolation Table**

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
WLAN RX to BT RX/TX	30			dB	
WLAN TX to BT RX/TX	20			dB	
WLAN RX to WLAN TX	20			dB	

#### **Switch Truth Table**

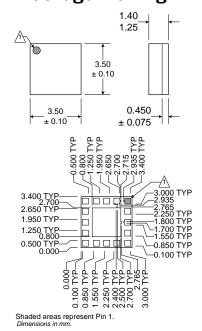
Mode	TRSW-P	TRSW-M	ANSW-P	ANSW-M	PA_EN
Bluetooth	L	Н	L	Н	L
WLAN TX	L	Н	Н	L	Н
WLAN RX	Н	L	X*	L	L
Indeterminate		L			

<sup>\*</sup>Note: The state of the ANSW-P is a don't care. It can be either High or Low, and will yield the same performance.



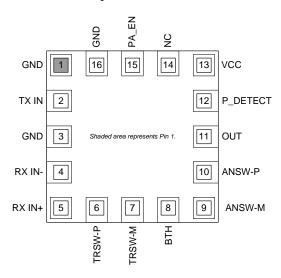
Pin	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	GND	RF ground connection.	
2	TX IN	RF input for the 802.11b/g TX section. Input is matched to $50\Omega$ and DC block is provided.	
3	GND	RF ground connection.	
4	RX IN-	Receive port for 802.11b/g band. Internally matched to 100 $\!\Omega$ differential. DC block is provided internally.	
5	RX IN+	Receive port for 802.11b/g band. Internally matched to 100 $\!\Omega$ differential. DC block is provided internally.	
6	TRSW-P	Switch control ports (see truth table).	
7	TRSW-M	Switch control ports (see truth table).	
8	BTH	RF bidirectional port for Bluetooth. Input is matched to $50\Omega$ and DC block is provided internally.	
9	ANSW-M	Switch control ports (see truth table).	
10	ANSW-P	Switch control ports (see truth table).	
11	OUT	FEM connection to filter and antenna. Port is matched to $50\Omega$ and DC block is provided internally.	
12	P_DETECT	Power detector voltage for TX section. PDET voltage varies with output power. May need external decoupling capacitor for module stability. May need external circuitry to bring output voltage to desired voltage.	
13	VCC	Supply voltage for the 802.11b/g PA. Internally decoupled port with approximately 100 pF. Add an external 1uF capacitor for low frequency decoupling.	
14	NC	No connection.	
15	PA_EN	This is the digital enable pin for the 802.11b/g PA. This is an active high control.	
16	GND	RF ground connection.	
Pkg Base			

## **Package Drawing**





## Pin Out Top Side View





## **Theory of Operation**

The RF5924 FEM is a single-chip integrated front-end module (FEM) for high performance WLAN applications in the 2.4 GHz to 2.5 GHz ISM band. The FEM addresses the need for aggressive size reduction for a typical 802.11b/g RF front-end design and greatly reduces the number of components outside of the core chipset therefore minimizing the footprint and assembly cost of the overall 802.11b/g solution. The FEM has integrated b/g power amplifier, power detector, RX balun and TX filtering. Also it is capable of switching between WLAN RX, WLAN TX, and BTH RX/TX operations. It has low insertion loss at the 2.4 GHz to 2.5 GHz WLAN and BTH paths. The device is manufactured on a laminate module and GaAs HBT processes. The device is provided in a 3.5 mmx 3.5 mm, 16-pin package. This module meets or exceeds the RF front-end needs of 802.11b/g WLAN RF systems.

The RF5924 is designed primarily for IEEE802.11 b/g WLAN applications where the available supply voltage and current are limited. The RF5924 requires a single positive supply voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ), positive current control bias (PA\_EN) supply, and a positive supply for switch control to simplify bias requirements. The RF5924 FEM also has built in power detection. All inputs and outputs are internally matched to  $50\Omega$  except the WLAN receive path it is deferential with nominal impedance of 100 ohm on each pin.

#### 802.11b/g Transmit Path

The RF5924 has a typical gain of 30dB from 2.4GHz to 2.5GHz, and delivers 16dBm typical output power under 54Mbps OFDM modulation and 20.5dBm under 11Mbps CCK modulation. The RF5924 requires a single positive supply of 3.1V to 4.5V to operate at full specifications. Current control optimization for the 802.11b/g band is provided through one bias control input pin (PA\_EN). The PA\_EN pin requires a regulated supply to maintain nominal bias current. In general, higher PA\_EN voltage produce higher linear output power, higher operating current, and higher gain.

#### **Out of Band Rejection**

The RF5924 contains basic filtering components to produce bandpass responses for the transmit and receive paths. Due to space constraints inside the module, filtering is limited to a few resonant poles per RF path. Additional filters may need to be added outside the module depending upon the end-user's application.

#### 802.11b/g Receive Path

The 802.11b/g path has  $a100\Omega$  differential impedance with a nominal insertion loss of 1.8dB. The RX port return loss is 10db minimum. The RX Balun is manufactured on Integrated GaAs Process. Depending on the application, if filtering is required beyond what the RF5924 can achieve then additional external filters will need to be added outside of the RF5924.



#### **RF5924 Biasing Instructions:**

- 802.11b/g Transmit (V<sub>CC</sub> compliance=5 V, 500 mA, V<sub>REG</sub> compliance=3 V, 20 mA)
  - Connect the FEM to a signal generator at the input and a spectrum analyzer at the output.
  - Bias V<sub>CC</sub> to 3.7 V first with PA\_EN=0.0 V
  - Refer to switch operational truth table to set the control lines at the proper levels for WLAN TX.
  - Turn on PA\_EN to 2.7V. PA\_EN controls the current drawn by the 802.11b/g power amplifier and the current should quickly rise to ~180mA±30mA for a typical part but it varies based on the output power desired. Be extremely careful not to exceed 3.0V on the PA\_EN pin or the part may exceed device current limits.
- 802.11 b/g Receive
  - To Receive WLAN set the switch control lines per the truth table below.
- · Bluetooth Receive
  - To Receive Bluetooth set the switch control lines per the truth table below.

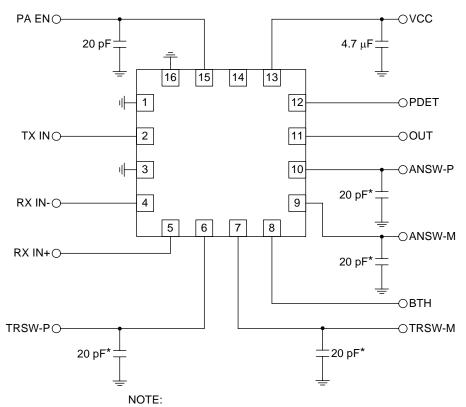
#### **Operational Truth Table**

Mode	TRSW-P	TRSW-M	ANSW-P	ANSW-M	PA_EN
Bluetooth	L	Н	L	Н	L
WLAN TX	L	Н	Н	L	Н
WLAN RX	Н	L	X*	L	L
Indeterminate		L			

<sup>\*</sup>Note: The state of the ANSW-P is a don't care. It can be either High or Low, and will yield the same performance.



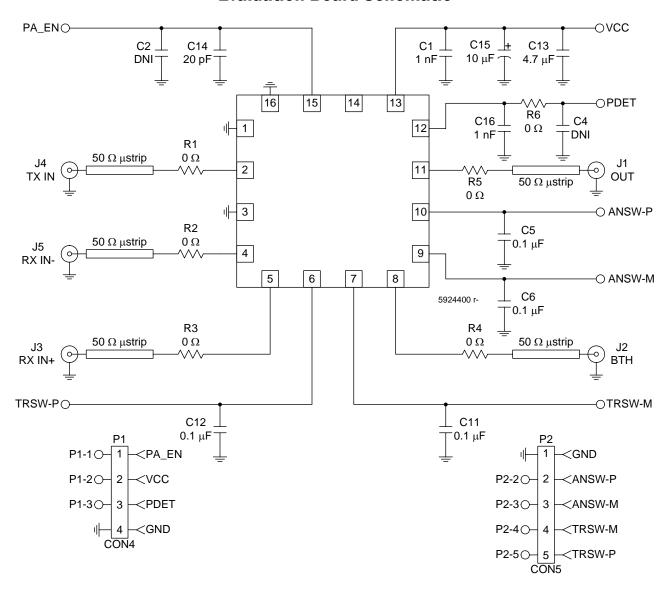
## **Application Schematic**



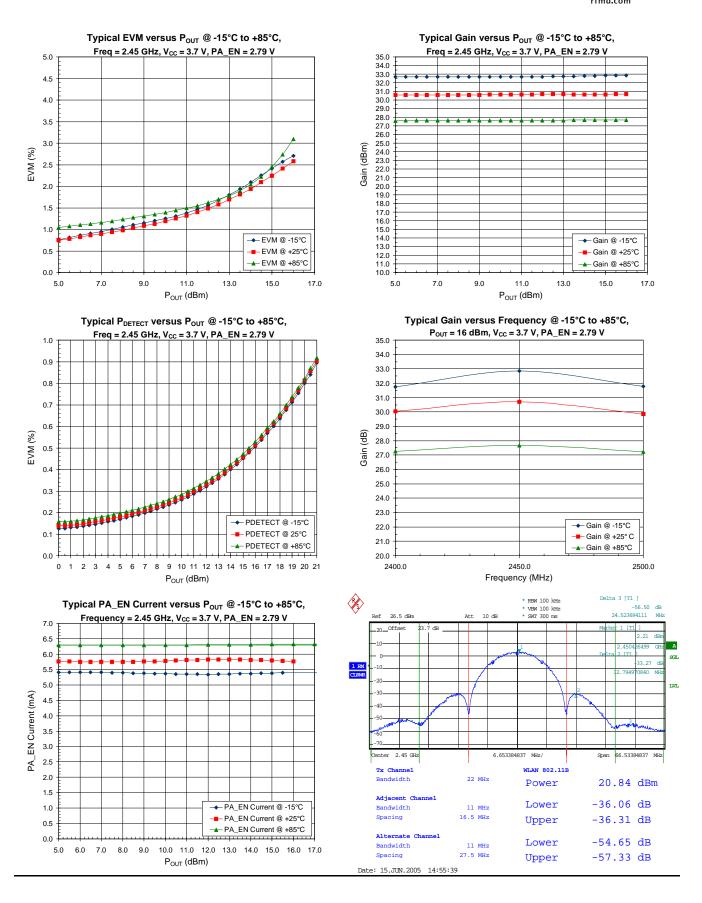
\* May not be required depending on system layout.



## **Evaluation Board Schematic**









## **PCB Design Requirements**

#### **PCB Surface Finish**

The PCB surface finish used for RFMD's qualification process is electroless nickel, immersion gold. Typical thickness is  $3\mu$ inch to  $8\mu$ inch gold over  $180\mu$ inch nickel.

#### **PCB Land Pattern Recommendation**

PCB land patterns for RFMD components are based on IPC-7351 standards and RFMD empirical data. The pad pattern shown has been developed and tested for optimized assembly at RFMD. The PCB land pattern has been developed to accommodate lead and package tolerances. Since surface mount processes vary from company to company, careful process development is recommended.

### PCB Metal Land and Solder Mask Pattern

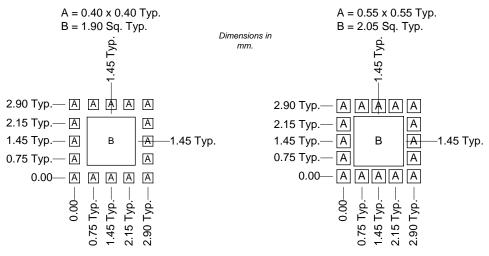


Figure 1. PCB Metal Land and Solder Mask Pattern (Top View)



## **Tape and Reel Information**

Carrier tape basic dimensions are based on EIA481. The pocket is designed to hold the part for shipping and loading onto SMT manufacturing equipment, while protecting the body and the solder terminals from damaging stresses. The individual pocket design can vary from vendor to vendor, but width and pitch will be consistent.

Carrier tape is wound or placed onto a shipping reel either 330mm (13inches) in diameter or 178mm (7inches) in diameter. The center hub design is large enough to ensure the radius formed by the carrier tape around it does not put unnecessary stress on the parts.

Prior to shipping, moisture sensitive parts (MSL level 2a to 5a) are baked and placed into the pockets of the carrier tape. A cover tape is sealed over the top of the entire length of the carrier tape. The reel is sealed in a moisture barrier, ESD bag, which is placed in a cardboard shipping box. It is important to note that unused moisture sensitive parts need to be resealed in the moisture barrier bag. If the reels exceed the exposure limit and need to be rebaked, most carrier tape and shipping reels are not rated as bakeable at 125°C. If baking is required, devices may be baked according to section 4, table 4-1, column 8 of Joint Industry Standard IPCEDEC J-STD-033A.

The following table provides useful information for carrier tape and reels used for shipping the devices described in this document.

	RFMD Part Number	Reel Diameter Inch (mm)	Hub Diameter Inch (mm)	Width (mm)	Pocket Pitch (mm)	Feed	Units per Reel
Ī	RF5924TR7	7 (178)	2.4 (61)	12	4	Single	2500

#### QFN (Carrier Tape Drawing with Part Orientation)

